2. The Record is intended to check litigation in regard to land and to facilitate its disposal by the Courts, to reduce unnecessary expenditure by the raiyats in executing and registering documents and to protect them against fraud and fabrication of false claims. It will also be of assistance to Government as well as the raiyats in the distribution of assessment among the various hissedars, the grant of Takavi and Land Improvement Loans and the grant of suspension or remission of land revenue.

3. To facilitate the accurate preparation of the Record of Rights, the Preliminary Record will first be prepared by the Shanbhogs to the best of their information in the prescribed form and every case will be duly investigated by a special Revenue Inspector. There will then be a check of the Preliminary Record by the Amildar or other officer specially authorised by the Director of Land Records, Survey and Settlement or by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf. Occupants and persons interested in the land are required to furnish every information that may be within their knowledge to the Investigating Officers in order to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this Record which will form the basis of the future Record of Rights.

4. All persons interested in land are required to render every reasonable assistance to Officers of the Department of Land Records when they come to a village to measure the hissas and to conduct enquiries in cases disputed boundary lines between hissas in the field, after giving the prescribed notice.

5. The attention of the public is invited to the provisions of Section 7 of the Record of Rights Act requiring them on requisition by the Revenue Officer engaged in compiling or revising the Record of Rights to furnish or produce information and documents needed for the correct compilation or revision thereof within one month from the date of such requisition. Failure to comply with this requisition and secure registration of their rights will render occupants and holders of interests in land liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 (recoverable as an arrear of land revenue) besides depriving them of the several advantages enumerated above. The officer to whom any information is furnished or before whom any document is produced in accordance with the requisition will give a written acknowledgment therefore in the form prescribed to the person furnishing or producing the same and shall endorse on any such document, before returning it to him, a note under his signature stating the fact of its production and the date thereof.

By Order,
B. T. KESAVIENGAR,
Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

No. 7155—*C. R. B.* 8-39-13, *dated* 28*th May* 1940.

It is hereby notified that the Candidate, S. Lilly Gladis, care of D. R. Sathyanathappa, Carpenter, Sowdeypalya, Tumkur Town, bearing Sl. No. 5 in the approved Supplemental "B" list of Mistresses in Kannada Primary Girls' Schools, in the unit of the School Board Officer, Kadur District, is debarred from entry into Government service for a period of one year, for having furnished false date of birth Her appointment as a Mistress of a Primary School, recently made in Kadur District is also terminated.

No. A. F. 6801—*Agri.* 43-39, *dated* 11*th June* 1940.

The following Notification by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 218(3)-Tr. (I. E. R.)/40, dated 30th March 1940, is hereby republished for information:—

By Order,
J. APPAJI GOWDA,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

New Delhi, the 30*th March* 1940.

No. 218 (3)-Tr. (I. E. R.)/40,—In pursuance of clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) of Section 22 of the Indian Tea Control Act, 1938 (VIII of 1938), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 218 (1)—Tr. (I. E. R.)/39, dated the 1st April 1939, the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with

effect from the 1st April 1940, the rate of licence fee levied by the Indian Tea Licensing Committee for an export licence, special export licence or permit issued by it shall be annas six per thousand pounds of tea or part thereof covered by such licence or permit.

N. R. Pillai,
Joint-Secretary to the Government of India.

No. E. 20—*Uni.* 98-39-7, (*Camp Mysore*), *dated* 12*th June* 1940.

Under Section 14(2)(*e*) of the Mysore University Act, His Highness the Chancellor is pleased to nominate Mr. J. C. Rollo as a member of the University Council.

By Order,
J. APPAJI GOWDA,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

No. Fl. 7503—*Ex.* 12-39-47, *dated* 14*th June* 1940.

In exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 7 of the Mysore Matches (Excise Duty) Act, 1934, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to prohibit absolutely the bringing of matches into the Mysore State from the territory of the Dir State in the North West Frontier Province.

By Order,
C. E. NORONHA,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

LAW SECRETARIAT

No. P. 7744—*Cts.* 226-39, *dated* (*Camp Mysore*), 13*th June* 1940.

Under the provisions of Sections 14, 15 and 39 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, Government are pleased to appoint the Sub-Registrar of Hoskote Taluk, in virtue of his Office as such, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class and to direct that he shall exercise his powers as such Magistrate, only as a member of the Bench of Magistrates, established for Hoskote Taluk for the trial of such cases or classes of cases as are made triable by the said Bench by rules framed under Section 16 of the said Code.

No. P. 7763—*Cts.*, *dated* (*Camp Mysore*), 13*th June* 1940.

Under Section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, Government are pleased to appoint Mr. R. Arvamudu Iyengar, as a Special Magistrate for the Bench Court at Bangalore City, with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for a period of two years.

No. T. 3830—*R. T.* 64-39-4, *dated* 14*th June* 1940.

Government are pleased to direct that the circular instructions issued to the authorities concerned and appended to this order explaining the term "Motor Vehicles kept for use" for purposes of taxation under Section 8 of the Mysore Road Traffic and Taxes Act, VI of 1935, be published in the *Mysore Gazette* for the information of the public.

Appendix.

Circular.

It has been brought to the notice of Government that Section 8 of the Mysore Road Traffic and Taxes Act, 1935, is being interpreted in such a way as to bring within its scope motor vehicles which are not strictly liable to be taxed and many cases of hardship have arisen. In a case where the registration certificate pertaining to a vehicle which has become unfit for use is not surrendered, the practice has been to grant a refund of a portion of the tax for non-user. If the vehicle has become permanently unfit for use, there is no possibility to use it and it cannot be said to be kept for use. There are cases where vehicles have to be